

SILICON CARBIDE 1200V 104A POWER MOSFET DIE

Applications:

- Solar inverters Switch Mode Power Supplies High voltage DC/DC converters
- Battery charges Mode drive Pulsed power application

Features:

- High blocking voltage with low on-resistance
- High Speed Switching with low capacitances
- Easy to parallel and simple to drive
- Avalanche ruggedness
- Resistant to latch-up
- Silver back metal

Maximum Ratings@T_A=25°C unless otherwise specified:

Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Max.	Units
Drain - Source Voltage	V _{DSmax}	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _D = 100 μA	1200	V
Gate - Source Voltage (dynamic)	V_{GSmax}	AC (f >1 Hz)	-10/+25	>
Gate - Source Voltage (static)	V_{GSop}	Static	-5/+20	V
Continuous Drain Current	I _D	V _{GS} =20 V, T _C = 25°C	104	Α
Pulsed Drain Current	I _{D(pulse)}	Pulse width t _P limited by T _{jmax}	300	Α
Operating Junction and Storage	T_J , T_stg		-55 to +175	Ç
Maximum Processing Temperature	T _{Proc}	10 min. maximum	325	°C

- (1) When using MOSFET body diode $V_{GSmax} = -5V/+25V$
- (2) MOSFET can also safely operate at V_{GS} = 0/+20 V
- (3) Assumes a $R_{\theta JC}$ < 0.35 K/W



Electrical Characteristics@T_A=25°C unless otherwise specified:

Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{(BR)DSS}	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 100 \mu\text{A}$	1200			V
Gate Threshold Voltage		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 15mA$	1.8	2.3	4	V
	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 15$ mA, $T_J = 175$ °C		1.4		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} = 1200 V, V _{GS} = 0 V		2	100	uA
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} = 20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			250	nA
Drain-Source On-State		V _{GS} = 20 V, I _D = 50 A		25	34	mΩ
Resistance	R _{DS(on)}	V _{GS} = 20 V, I _D = 50 A, T _J = 175 °C		32		
Transconductance		V _{DS} = 20 V, I _{DS} = 50 A		21		S
	g _{fs}	V_{DS} = 20 V, I_{DS} = 50 A, T_J = 175 °C		23		
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{GS} = 0 V		4054		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _{DS} =1000V f = 1 MHz		246		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}	VAC = 25 mV		17		
Coss Stored Energy	E _{oss}			129		μJ
Internal Gate Resistance	R _{G(int)}	f = 1 MHz, V _{AC} = 25 mV, ESR of C _{ISS}		2.2		Ω
Gate to Source Charge	Q _{gs}	V_{DS} = 800 V, V_{GS} = -5/20 V I_{D} = 50 A Per IEC60747-8-4 pg 83		33		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			67		
Total Gate Charge	Qg	1 -		165		

Reverse Diode Characteristics:

Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Тур.	Max.	Units
Diode Forward Voltage	\/o-	V _{GS} = - 5 V, I _{SD} = 25 A	3.5		V
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	V _{GS} = - 5 V, I _{SD} = 25 A, T _J = 175 °C	3.1		V
Continuous Diode Forward Current	Is	T _C = 25 °C		130	
Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}		33		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	$V_{GS} = -5 \text{ V}, I_{SD} = 50 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 25 \text{ °C}$	384		nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I _{rrm}	VR = 800 V, dif/dt = 1790 A/μs	22		Α

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Typical Performance:

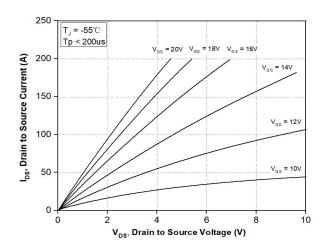


Figure 1. Output Characteristics T_J = -55 °C

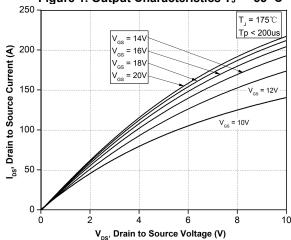


Figure 3. Output Characteristics T_J = 175°C

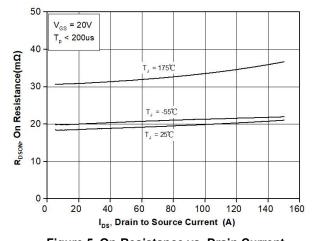


Figure 5. On-Resistance vs. Drain Current For Various Temperatures

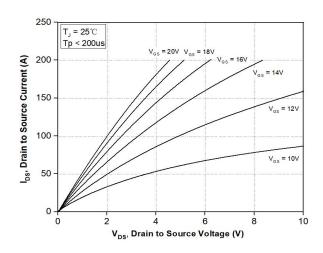


Figure 2. Output Characteristics T_J = 25 °C

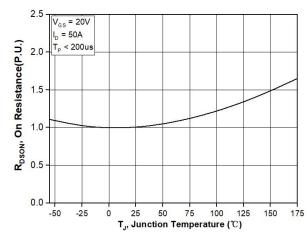


Figure 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

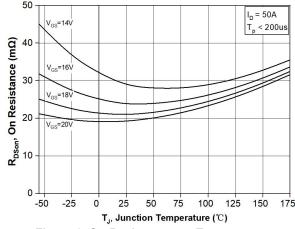


Figure 6. On-Resistance vs. Temperature For Various Gate Voltage

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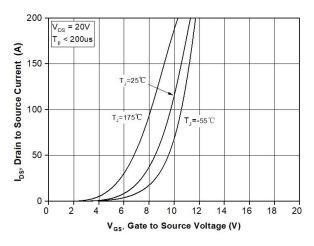


Figure 7. Transfer Characteristic for Various Junction
Temperatures

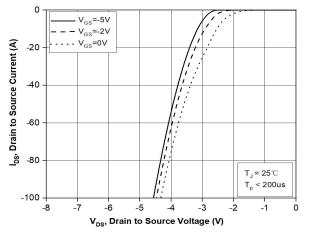


Figure 9. Body Diode Characteristic at T_J = 25 °C

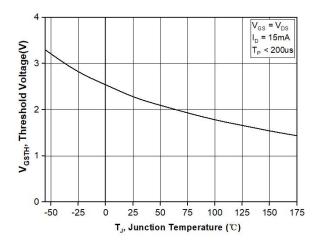


Figure 11. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

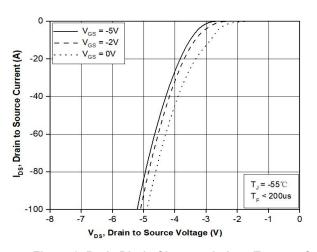


Figure 8. Body Diode Characteristic at T_J = -55 °C

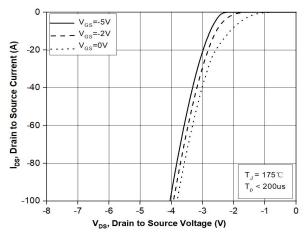


Figure 10. Body Diode Characteristic at T_J = 175 °C

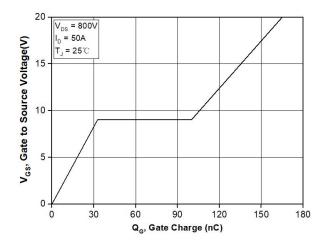


Figure 12. Gate Charge Characteristic

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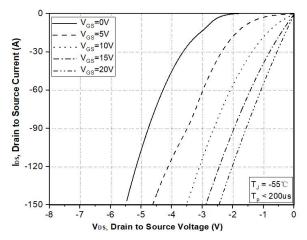


Figure 13. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at T_J = -55 °C

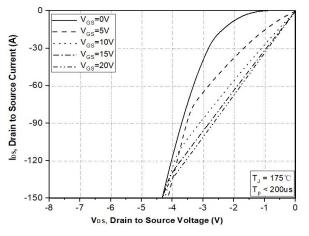


Figure 15. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at T_J = 175°C

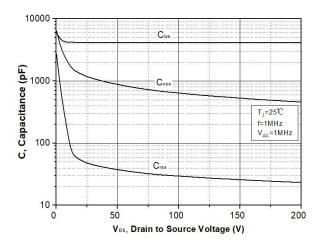


Figure 17. Capacitances vs. Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 200V)

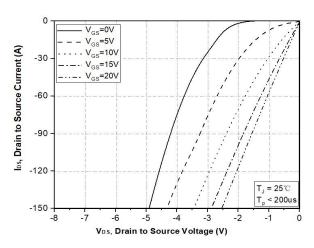


Figure 14. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at T_J = 25 °C

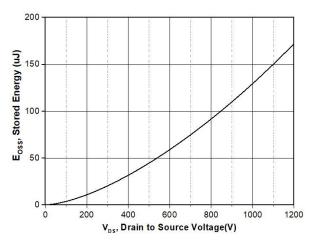


Figure 16. Output Capacitor Stored Energy

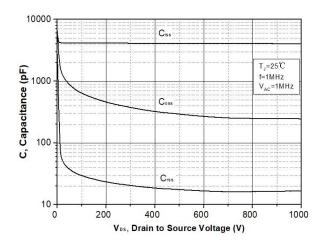


Figure 18. Capacitances vs. Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 1000V)

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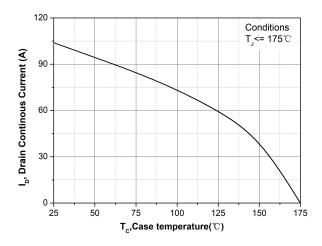


Figure 19. Continuous Drain Current Derating vs.

Case Temperature

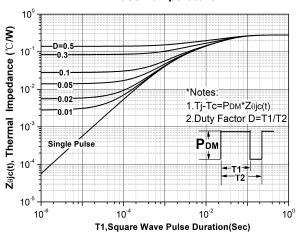


Figure 21. Transient Thermal Impedance (Junction - Case)

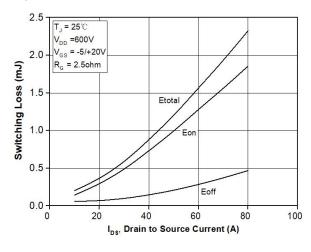


Figure 23. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current (V_{DD} = 600V)

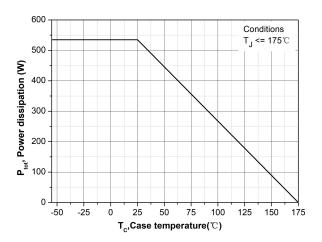


Figure 20. Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature

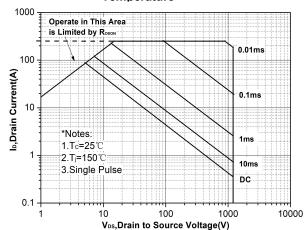


Figure 22. Safe Operating Area

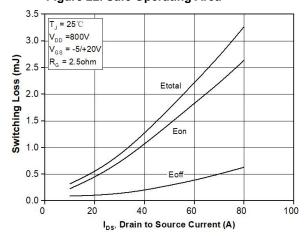


Figure 24. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current (V_{DD} = 800V)

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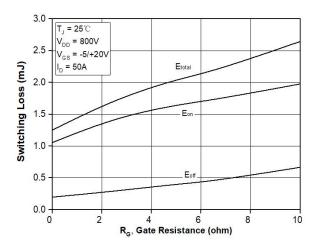


Figure 25. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. R_{G(ext)}

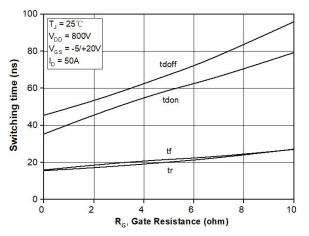


Figure 27. Switching Times vs. R_{G(ext)}

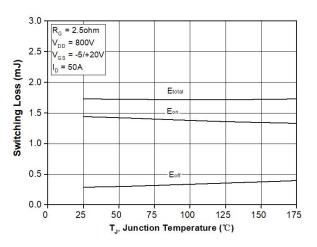


Figure 26. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Temperature

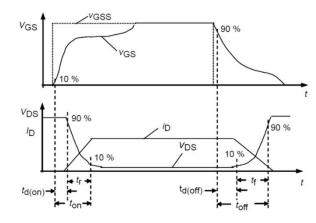
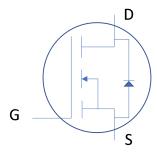


Figure 28. Switching Times Definition



Mechanical Dimensions



Parameter	Typical Value	Unit
Die Dimensions (L x W)		mm
Exposed Source Pad Metal Dimensions (LxW) Each		mm
Sense Pad Metal Dimensions (LxW)	Please contact your sales	mm
Gate Pad Dimensions (L x W)	representative to get the detailed information about	mm
Top Side Source metallization (AI)	die layout and dimensions.	μm
Top Side Gate metallization (AI)		μm
Bottom Drain metallization (Ni/Ag)		μm

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